



## Current trends (cont'd)

- O Oil and wet gas represent significant premium profit potential over dry gas (for now...)
- O Parts of the Marcellus in southwestern PA have wet gas, but there is a more significant oil and wet gas component of the Utica in eastern OH/western PA
- Additionally, industry is exploring other formations with wet gas potential
  - Geneseo shale in north/central PA
  - Rhinestreet shale in northwest PA
  - Burket and other shales in western PA
- O Has the dust settled?

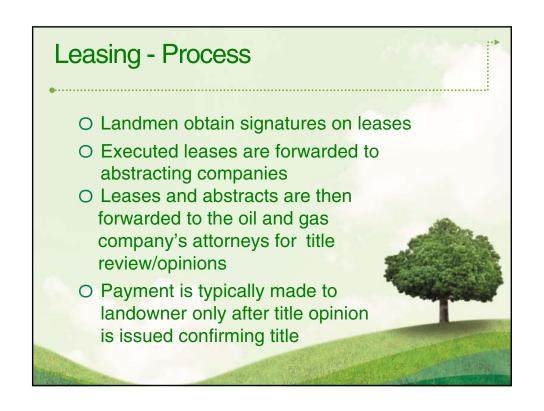
### Pre-Lease Issues

- O Seismic testing agreements
  - Should I sign?
  - Historically producers had to get a lease to conduct exploration activities, including seismic testing
  - Pre-lease seismic testing can give them a "peek" under your land for much less than a lease would cost...
  - Is it a producer looking for a "sweet spot" or a seismic mapping company looking to build a valuable database on the cheap?

## Pre-Lease Issues (cont'd) Who owns the mineral rights? Severance could have occurred decades ago May NOT show up in a current surface estate title search; you must do a search of the separate OGM chain back to roughly August 1859 (\$\$\$) Subsurface estate is "dominant" over the surface Common myths: I must own the OGMs because I had the title searched when I bought the property My deed doesn't say anything about the OGMs

I must own the OGNMs because they asked me

to sign a lease



## Leasing - Process (cont'd)

- If the title search shows a defect or lack of title, the lessee may pay less or not at all depending upon your actual ownership
  - Warranty of title provisions in the lease
- The lease may be assigned before or after production commences
  - The landman/company you liked so well when you signed may not be around later
  - The lease is your only protection

## Leasing: early problems

- Most PA landowners STILL don't have their leases reviewed by an attorney before signing
- O Most have already conducted negotiations and just want their lawyer to "bless" the proposed lease...!!!
  - Rural Pennsylvanians...
- O Landmen:
  - O Agent? Broker? Employee?
  - O How compensated?
  - O You are unlikely to know!!!

## Leasing – Use of Addenda

- Landowner attorneys negotiating on behalf of their clients typically propose changes to the lease through the use of an addendum
- Some gas companies are now offering their own form of addendum with the lease
  - · Sometimes offered as "non-negotiable"
- O Enable expedited negotiation BUT
  - You still have to review the lease and make sure that the addendum adequately addresses your UNIQUE needs

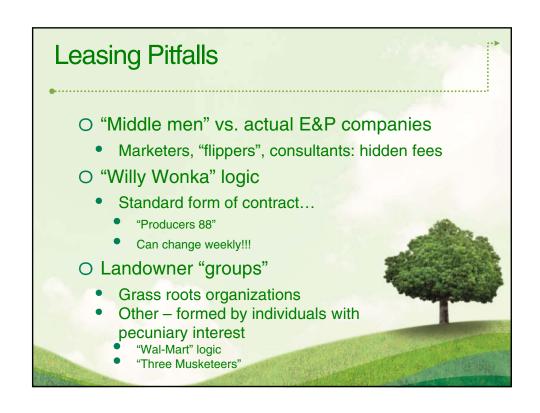
## When should I sign?

- O What landowners are really asking is "How much should I sign for?"
- O Early leases are generally not the best
- O BUT if the landowner waits too long...

Economic terms are important, but are NOT all-important...

Indefinite secondary term...





## Leasing Pitfalls (cont'd)

- Overly expansive pipeline easements with appurtenances
  - Three little words...
  - Practice tip: negotiate these separately
- O Gas storage clauses
  - Little economic benefit to the landowner
  - Can hold the lease open even if no production (i.e. the landowner is not receiving any royalties)
  - Negotiate storage rights separately

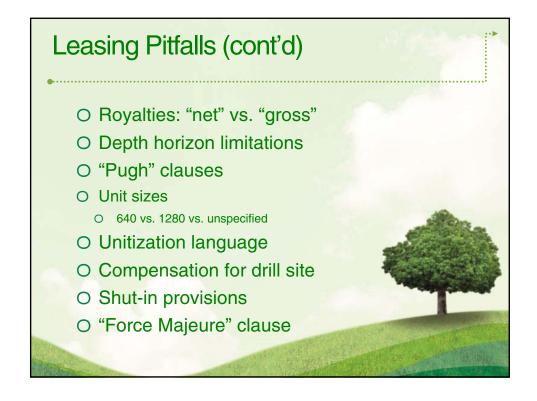
## Leasing Pitfalls (cont'd)

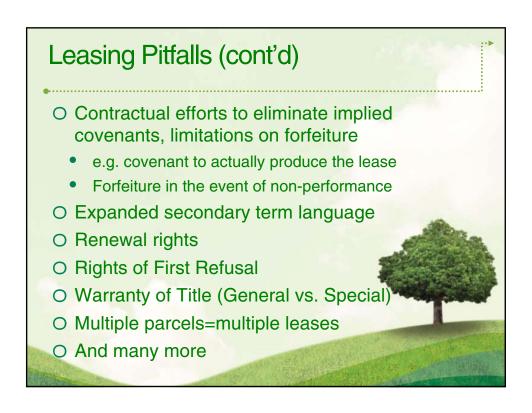
- O Overly expansive "Mother Hubbard" clauses
  - Original purpose was to permit production even in the event of dispute between adjoining landowners concerning boundary lines, title disputes, etc.
  - Have been expanded to include "all other lands of lessor whether or not herein described and whether or not contiguous with the herein described parcel"

A good clause gone bad...

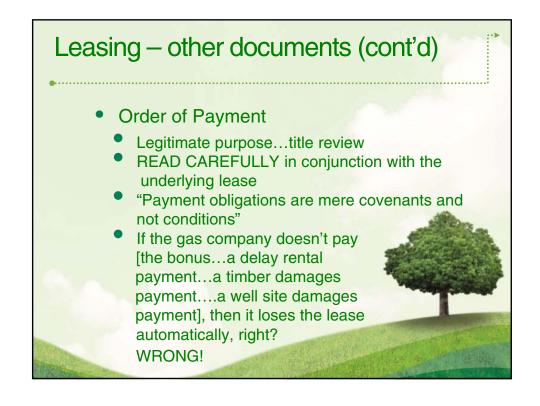
- O Injection disposal wells...
- O "Other" deductions...







# Leasing — Other documents O If you are asked to sign a lease, make sure your attorney sees ALL the documents: Memorandum of Lease — make certain that relevant addendum provisions are reflected in the memorandum Will cause title NIGHTMARES in the future Lenders are already shying away from properties so encumbered...concern is diminution in value of surface estate Without the actual lease, lenders cannot properly evaluate the impact of the lease on the value of the surface estate SIGNED LEASE COPY!



## Leasing Pitfalls - example

### Medora Resources

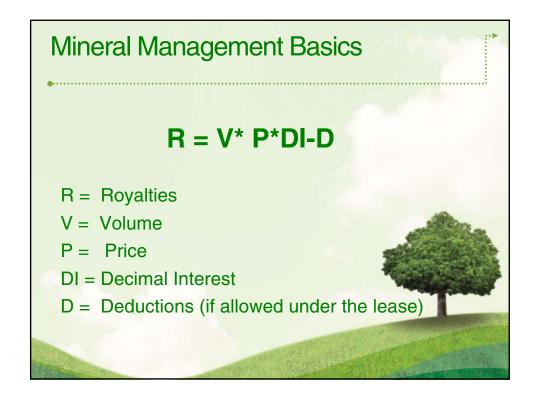
- leased (tens of?) thousands of acres in Northwest PA from 2010 through 2013
- Claimed to be "shallow" producer (but had never drilled a well in PA)
- As such, "couldn't afford" shale gas lease terms (bonus, royalty, etc)
- Excluded the Marcellus and the Utica
- Medora's target? The Upper Devonian
- Who were they really working for?
  - (how to know?)

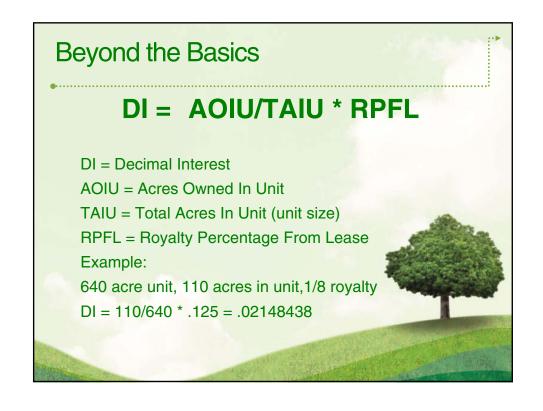
## The lease has been negotiated....

- O Whew! We're done now, right? We can just look forward to our "mailbox money" right?
- O WRONG!
  - Just because you negotiated certain provisions into your lease does not mean that the lease is being followed in practice
  - You have to verify compliance with the lease by the producer









## Beyond the Basics

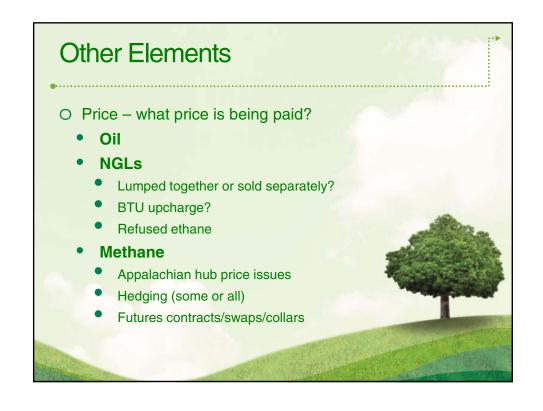
- It all starts with the LEASE
  - And addenda, including but not limited to contemporaneous and subsequent writings
  - "amendment"; "ratification"; "memorandum"; "order of payment"
- Other required documents:
  - Division Order(s) (if any)
  - Declaration(s) of Pooling and Unitization
  - Unit Map(s)
  - Check stubs or royalty information statements (in the case of direct deposit)
- Other required data:
  - Price data
  - Production data

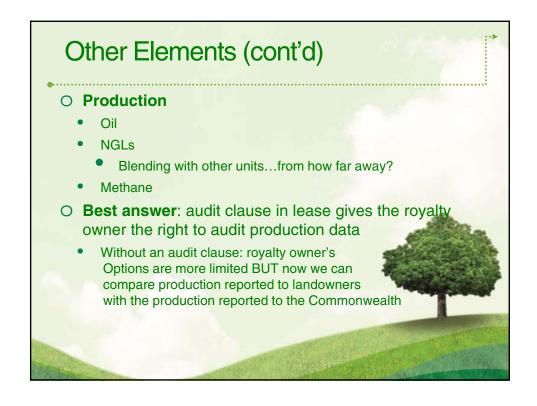
## Beyond the Basics

- Net vs. Gross Royalties
  - A gross royalty lease provision is no guarantee against deduction for post-production expenses
  - Incorrect "market enhancement" clause
- Deductions authorized elsewhere in the lease
  - Operator "Free Gas" clause
- Joint marketing issues
- Incorrect decimal interests
  - Wrong acreage
  - Wrong royalty percentage
- Without verification, you may not be paid what you are owed!



## Deductions O There is no standard format for royalty statements. Stay tuned, legislation has been proposed... GMRA Uniform deduction language/disclosures/codes Past legislative efforts in this area have been...misguided Act 66 of 2013: "Readability" of statements but... Mark Twain said it best... Deductions with the same deduction code can mean different things You MUST understand each producer's unique deduction codes.







## Comparative "Ease" of Verification Oil = easiest Dry Gas = moderately difficult Wet Gas = Hardest Why? Lack of supporting detail from producers Price volatility Blending of liquids from multiple units Varying values of NGL's value depends on BTU value What is the mix in your unit?





